

### **Smad4 Antibody**

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90081

## **Specification**

### **Smad4 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, FC, ICC

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

MAD homolog 4; MAD, mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 4; MADH4; Mothers against

decapentaplegic homolog 4; DPC4; hSMAD4; JIP;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 60439 Da

# **Smad4 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution WB~~1:1000

IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

Smad4

ICC~~N/A

Description Smad4 transcription factor that mediates

signal transduction by the transforming growth factor superfamily. The common

smad (co-smad). Binds directly to consensus DNA-binding elements in the promoters of target genes. Promotes binding of the Smad2/Smad4/Fast-1

complex to DNA and provides an activation function required for Smad1 or Smad2 to

stimulate transcription.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

## **Smad4 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name SMAD4

Synonyms DPC4, MADH4



#### **Function**

In muscle physiology, plays a central role in the balance between atrophy and hypertrophy. When recruited by MSTN, promotes atrophy response via phosphorylated SMAD2/4. MSTN decrease causes SMAD4 release and subsequent recruitment by the BMP pathway to promote hypertrophy via phosphorylated SMAD1/5/8. Acts synergistically with SMAD1 and YY1 in bone morphogenetic protein (BMP)-mediated cardiac- specific gene expression. Binds to SMAD binding elements (SBEs) (5'- GTCT/AGAC-3') within BMP response element (BMPRE) of cardiac activating regions (By similarity). Common SMAD (co-SMAD) is the coactivator and mediator of signal transduction by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor). Component of the heterotrimeric SMAD2/SMAD3-SMAD4 complex that forms in the nucleus and is required for the TGF-mediated signaling (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25514493" target=" blank">25514493</a>). Promotes binding of the SMAD2/SMAD4/FAST-1 complex to DNA and provides an activation function required for SMAD1 or SMAD2 to stimulate transcription. Component of the multimeric SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex which forms at the AP1 promoter site; required for synergistic transcriptional activity in response to TGF- beta. May act as a tumor suppressor. Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator.

#### **Cellular Location**

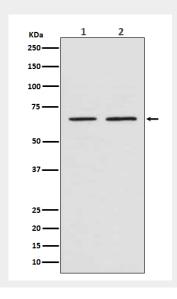
Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Cytoplasmic in the absence of ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed with R-SMAD (PubMed:15799969). PDPK1 prevents its nuclear translocation in response to TGF-beta (PubMed:17327236)

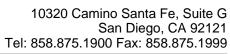
#### Smad4 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **Smad4 Antibody - Images**







Western blot analysis of SMAD4 expression in	n (1) SH-SY5Y cell	lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate
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